

Greatest Common Factor	
1. $4g^2 - 2g$ $2g(2g - 1)$	2. $12x - 9x^3 + 15x^2$ $3x(4 - 3x^2 + 5x)$

Difference of 2 squares $(a^2 - b^2) = (a + b)(a - b)$	
1. $x^2 - 1$ $(x + 1)(x - 1)$	2. $4m^2 - 9$ $(2m + 3)(2m - 3)$
3. $4x^2 - 400$ $4(x^2 - 100)$ $4(x + 10)(x - 10)$	4. $2y^5 - 50y$ $2y(y^4 - 25) = 2y(y^2 - 5)(y^2 + 5)$

Factoring Trinomials with leading coefficient of 1	
1. $x^2 + 3x - 10$ $(x - 5)(x + 2)$	2. $m^4 - 9m^2 + 14$ $(m^2 - 7)(m^2 - 2)$
3. $2x^2 - 16x - 40$ $2(x^2 - 8x - 20)$ $2(x - 10)(x + 2)$	4. $3y^3 + 33y^2 + 90y$ $3y(y^2 + 11y + 30)$ $3y(y + 5)(y + 6)$

Look For GCF

Factoring Trinomials with leading coefficients other than 1	
1. $2x^2 + 9x - 5$ $x^2 + ax - 10$ $(x - \frac{10}{2})(x - \frac{1}{2})$ $(x - 5)(2x - 1)$	2. $8m^2 + 26m + 15$ $m^2 + 26m + 120$ $(m + \frac{20}{8})(m + \frac{6}{8})$ $(m + \frac{5}{2})(m + \frac{3}{4})$ $(2m + 5)(4m + 3)$
3. $12x^2 + 2x - 4$ $2(6x^2 + x - 2)$ $2(x^2 + x - 12)$ $2(x + \frac{4}{6})(x - \frac{3}{6})$ $2(x + \frac{2}{3})(x - \frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow 2(3x + 2)(2x - 1)$	4. $6y^2 + 13y - 5$ $y^2 + 13y - 30$ $(y + \frac{15}{6})(y - \frac{2}{6})$ $(y + \frac{5}{2})(y - \frac{1}{3})$ $(3y + 5)(3y - 1)$

Factoring 4 terms by Grouping

<p>1. $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 6$ $x^2(x+2) + 3(x+2)$ $(x^2 + 3)(x+2)$ <i>not factorable any more</i></p>	<p>2. $9m^3 + 18m^2 - 4m - 8$ $9m^2(m+2) - 4(m+2)$ $(9m^2 - 4)(m+2)$ $(3m+2)(3m-2)(m+2)$</p>
<p>3. $z^3 - z^2 + 5z - 5$ $z^2(z-1) + 5(z-1)$ $(z^2 + 5)(z-1)$</p>	<p>4. $2y^4 - y^3 + 6y - 3$ $y^3(2y-1) + 3(2y-1)$ $(y^3 + 3)(2y-1)$</p>

check anything w/ a square term higher

Factoring Flowchart

